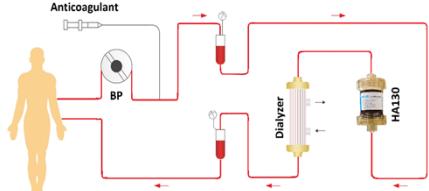
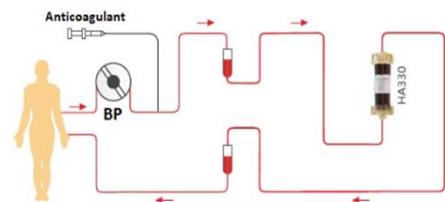
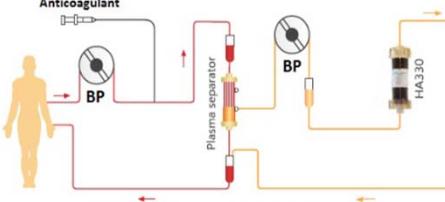
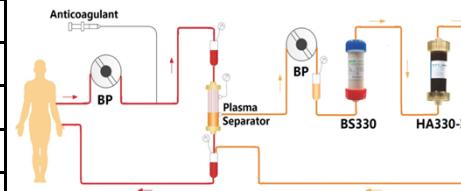
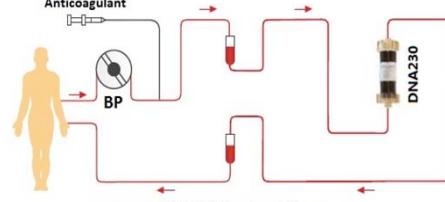


Adsorption Columns Applications and Treatment Models

Product Image	Clinical Options	Diseases	Treatment Models
	HA130	Uremic Complications Skin Itching Cardiovascular Disease Refractory Hypertension Renal Osteodystrophy Malnutrition Inflammatory Response	 HA130 Adsorption Column for Combined Artificial Kidney Method: Whole Blood Adsorption
	HA230	Drug Intoxication Barbitals Sedative-Hypnotics Antidepressants Antibiotics Other Drugs Acute Poisoning Pesticides Biotoxin Phytotoxin Industrial Poisoning	 HA330/HA330-II/HA280/HA230 Adsorption Column Method: Whole Blood Adsorption
	HA330	Critical Care Sepsis, Septic Shock Acute Pancreatitis Serious Burn Severe Trauma Severe Infection ARDS	 HA330/HA330-II/HA280/HA230 Adsorption Column Method: Plasma Adsorption
	BS330 HA330-II DPMAS - BS330 + HA330-II	Liver Diseases Hyperbilirubinemia Hyperbileacidemia Hepatic Encephalopathy Drug-induced Liver Damage Hyperbilirubinemia Liver Diseases Hepatitis Liver Failure	 DPMAS - Double Plasma Molecular Adsorption System Method: Plasma Adsorption
	HA280 DNA230 DNA230 + HA280	Auto-Immune Diseases Rheumatoid Arthritis Sensitive Purpura Psoriasis Pemphigus Severe Drug Eruption Auto-Immune Diseases Systemic Lupus Erythematosus (SLE) butterfly erythema drug-induced lupus lupus nephritis	 DNA230 Adsorption Column

(1) The adsorption columns have wide clinical applications, including but not limited to the above diseases.

(2) Per clinical diagnosis, all adsorption columns can be combined with other Blood Purification methods like HD, HF or CRRT etc. for better therapeutic effect if the patient has multiple organs failure like kidney damage etc.